

The Genuine
'TANSAN'
Indispensable during the
warm weather.
INVIGORATING
STIMULATING
SOLE AGENTS,
H. PRICE & CO.,
12, Queen's Road,
458

The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1843

The Celebrated
BLATZ
BEER
OF MILWAUKEE, U.S.A.
\$29.00 per Cask of
10 Dozen Pints
SOLE AGENTS,
H. PRICE & CO.,
12, Queen's Road,
458

No. 12,595

號七月八年三零百九千一英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1903.

日五十月六年卯癸

PRICES, \$3.00 Per Month,
15 Cents Per Copy.

Business Notices.

W. S. BAILEY & CO.

Engineers, Shipbuilders, Boilermakers,
Blacksmiths, and Brass and Iron Founders.

COAST AND RIVER STEAMERS, STEAM WATER BOATS, LIGHTERS,
TUGS AND FAST STEAM-LAUNCHES.

Pumps, Packings, General Stores, and Engineers' Tools of Every Description.

OFFICES & SALES-ROOMS, ENGINE & SHIPBUILDING WORKS,
80 & 82, DES VŒUX ROAD CENTRAL, KOWLOON BAY.

W. S. BAILEY, M.L.M.E.C.E. E. O. MURPHY, WH. SO., A.L.M.E.C.E.

CONTRACTORS FOR ALL KINDS OF ENGINEERING WORK.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND TENDERS.

Consulting and Superintending Engineers and Surveyors.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO AND WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND
MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA
NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

Hongkong-Canton Line.

S.S. HONAM, 2,383 tons, Captain H. D. Jones.
S.S. POWAN, 2,338 tons, Captain G. F. Morrison, R.N.R.
S.S. FATHAN, 2,262 tons, Captain A. W. Dixon.
S.S. HANKOW, 3,073 tons, Captain C. V. Lloyd.
S.S. KINSHAN, 2,860 tons, Captain J. J. Lossius.

Departures from Hongkong to Canton daily at about 7 a.m. and 10 a.m. (Sunday
Excepted), and at about 6 p.m. (Saturday Excepted).

Departures from Canton to Hongkong daily (Sunday Excepted), at about 8 a.m.,
2 p.m. and 5.30 p.m.

These Steamers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, are the largest and fastest on the
River. Special attention is drawn to their Superior Saloon and Cabin accommodation.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

Departures from Hongkong to Macao daily at about 1 p.m. as per
special schedule. Sunday Excepted.

Do. from Macao to Hongkong daily at about 7.30 a.m.

Canton-Macao Line.

S.S. LUNGSHAN, 219 tons, Captain T. Humlin.

This steamer leaves Canton for Macao every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at
about 7.30 a.m.; and leaves Macao for Canton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday
at about 7.30 a.m.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE H.K. C. AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVI- GATION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE INDIA-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

Canton-Wuchow Line.

S.S. NANNING, 869 tons, Captain R. D. Thomas.

S.S. SAINAM, 588 tons, Captain B. Branch.

One of the above steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday
and Friday at about 8 a.m., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days
at about 8 a.m. Round trips take about 5 days. These vessels have Superior Cabin
accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the
HONGKONG CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO. LD.,
18, Bank Buildings, Queen's Road Central, opposite the Hongkong Hotel.
Or of BUTTERFIELD AND SWIRE,
Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

MAC LAREN'S

CANADIAN CHEESE

In Jars (Medium and Small) Wholesale and Retail from
LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.

Hongkong, May 6, 1903.

PURE LINSEED OIL

Awarded Bronze Medal at the Paris
Exhibition, 1900.

Gold Medal at the Indian Industrial
Exhibition 1898, 1900 & 1901.

MANUFACTURED BY
THE GOURPORE CO., LD.,
CALCUTTA.

Contractors to the Military and
Public Works Departments,
State Railways, and all
large Consumers
throughout India, the East,
and the Colonies.

W. R. LEXLEY & CO.,
Sole Agents,
HONGKONG.

Cable Address 'Lexley,' Hongkong.
Hongkong, July 22, 1903.

THE LONDON DRAPERY STORE, HONGKONG.

THE above will be opened as soon as the
necessary arrangements can be made
as an establishment for the sale of
CLOSING OF MAIL, can not be accepted for
the closing of mail of the date.

J. W. R. TAYLOR,
P. A. SCHLUMBERGER,
Co-Managers in Hongkong.
Hongkong, August 1, 1903.

THE LONDON DRAPERY STORE, HONGKONG.

THE above will be opened as soon as the
necessary arrangements can be made
as an establishment for the sale of
CLOSING OF MAIL, can not be accepted for
the closing of mail of the date.

J. W. R. TAYLOR,
P. A. SCHLUMBERGER,
Co-Managers in Hongkong.
Hongkong, August 1, 1903.

THE LONDON DRAPERY STORE, HONGKONG.

THE above will be opened as soon as the
necessary arrangements can be made
as an establishment for the sale of
CLOSING OF MAIL, can not be accepted for
the closing of mail of the date.

J. W. R. TAYLOR,
P. A. SCHLUMBERGER,
Co-Managers in Hongkong.
Hongkong, August 1, 1903.

THE LONDON DRAPERY STORE, HONGKONG.

THE above will be opened as soon as the
necessary arrangements can be made
as an establishment for the sale of
CLOSING OF MAIL, can not be accepted for
the closing of mail of the date.

J. W. R. TAYLOR,
P. A. SCHLUMBERGER,
Co-Managers in Hongkong.
Hongkong, August 1, 1903.

THE LONDON DRAPERY STORE, HONGKONG.

THE above will be opened as soon as the
necessary arrangements can be made
as an establishment for the sale of
CLOSING OF MAIL, can not be accepted for
the closing of mail of the date.

J. W. R. TAYLOR,
P. A. SCHLUMBERGER,
Co-Managers in Hongkong.
Hongkong, August 1, 1903.

THE LONDON DRAPERY STORE, HONGKONG.

THE above will be opened as soon as the
necessary arrangements can be made
as an establishment for the sale of
CLOSING OF MAIL, can not be accepted for
the closing of mail of the date.

J. W. R. TAYLOR,
P. A. SCHLUMBERGER,
Co-Managers in Hongkong.
Hongkong, August 1, 1903.

Business Notices.

BELL'S ASBESTOS EASTERN AGENCY, LIMITED.

(SOLE AGENTS FOR BELL'S ASBESTOS CO., LTD., LONDON.)

Bell's Asbestos 'Dagger,' 'Demon,' and other well known packings for Piston
Rods, etc., suitable for highest pressures. Pump Packings, Jointing Material, As-
bestos Cloth, Taps, and Boiler Door Joints, metallic or non-metallic—Rubber and
Vegetable Fibre Valves for Air and Circulating Pumps. Gangs Glasses, Packing
rings of Asbestos, Rubber and Woodite.

Bell's Asbestos Non-conducting Composition for covering Boilers, Steam Pipes, etc.
(only best quality kept). Boilers covered with Bell's Composition repay expense of
covering in a few months by saving of fuel. Estimates given for covering Boilers, etc.

Bell's Asbestos Expansion Taps, Millboard, Insulations, and Ropes.

Bell's Asbestos Special Engine Oil—unsurpassed for Marine Engines. A large
Stock of Engine and Cylinder Oil always in hand.

Bell's Asbestos—A Solid Lubricant, clear and efficient—1 lb. is equal to from 2
to 4 gallons of oil.

Bell's Boiler Preservative speedily removes existing scale and prevents corrosion—
does not injure the plates.

Asbestos Packed Cocks, Stop Valves, and Gangs Columns. Steam Gauges and
other engineers' requisites always in stock. Lists and Prices on application.

BRADLEY & CO., Managers, Hongkong.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

A 5 or 10 Catty Box consti-
tutes one of the most accept-
able Presents to those at
Home.

Without doubt this
is the Finest Blend
of T.F.A. at the
Price, to be had in
China.

1903.

CUMSHAW
TEA

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

ARE NOW BOOKING ORDERS FOR THE ABOVE SPECIALLY-BLENDED
FOOCHOW TEA.

PRICES:
Including Freight, Duty and Delivery to any address in the United Kingdom.
Per 10 Catty Box, \$17.50. Per 5 Catty Box, \$10.00.

THE VITAL POINT

is how to keep your Strength and Health, this is
best done by taking either of the following:

MARROL, Greatest of all energy forming
preparations.

VIROL, The ideal Form of Fat for Children and
Invalids.

OXO, Richest and most Potent of all Fluid Beefs,
yet introduced.

BOVRIL JELLY, The Stimulant for Ner-
vous exhaustion.

WATKINS, LTD.,
HONGKONG.

J. WATT-JAMESON,

Marine Salvage Engineer

Contractor to the London Salvage Association.

CONTRACTS FOR SALVAGE WORK UNDERTAKEN.

SUBMARINE SURVEYS, BLASTING, REMOVALS OF WRECKS.

TELEGRAPHIC INSTRUCTIONS ACTED UPON IMMEDIATELY.

Office:—8, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE. HEAD-QUARTERS OF PLANT—HONGKONG.

Telegraphic Address, 'SALVAGE' Hongkong.

A. B. C. 4TH and 5TH EDITIONS AND A. I. CODES USED.

Hongkong, August 5, 1903.

QUEEN'S HOTEL, WEIHAWEI.

SANITARIUM OF NORTH CHINA.

SUMMER SEASON OF 1903.

THERE are (60) sixty bedrooms, all with bathrooms attached.

A new Bar and Billiard-room, as well as a Concert Room, are connected with the
Hotel and there is ample room for Dancing.

The Hotel is beautifully situated on a high hill and commands a full view over the
mainland, the Bay, and the Island.

WeihaWei is noted for its scenery, healthy and cool climate during the Summer.

There are several fine bathing beaches, good walks, and there is also good fishing to be
had in the Bay.

Intending visitors are advised to secure their rooms either by wire, or letter, so
that they can be reserved.

Steam-launch of the Hotel meets all steamers.

ROOM AND BOARD.
One room for one person, \$5 per day or \$15 per month.

One room for two persons, \$10 per day or \$25 per month.

If one or two persons occupying two rooms:
\$12 per day or \$30 per month.

Children (under 10 years), Half price.

JNO. A. W. LOUREIRO,
Manager.

THE LONDON DRAPERY STORE, HONGKONG.

THE above will be opened as soon as the
necessary arrangements can be made
as an establishment for the sale of
CLOSING OF MAIL, can not be accepted for
the closing of mail of the date.

J. W. R. TAYLOR,
P. A. SCHLUMBERGER,
Co-Managers in Hongkong.
Hongkong, August 1, 1903.

THE LONDON DRAPERY STORE, HONGKONG.

THE above will be opened as soon as the
necessary arrangements can be made
as an establishment for the sale of
CLOSING OF MAIL, can not be accepted for
the closing of mail of the date.

J. W. R. TAYLOR,
P. A. SCHLUMBERGER,
Co-Managers in Hongkong.
Hongkong, August 1, 1903.

THE LONDON DRAPERY STORE, HONGKONG.

THE above will be opened as soon as the
necessary arrangements can be made
as an establishment for the sale of
CLOSING OF MAIL, can not be accepted for
the closing of mail of the date.

J. W. R. TAYLOR,
P. A. SCHLUMBERGER,
Co-Managers in Hongkong.
Hongkong, August 1, 1903.

THE LONDON DRAPERY STORE, HONGKONG.

THE above will be opened as soon as the
necessary arrangements can be made
as an establishment for the sale of
CLOSING OF MAIL, can not be accepted for
the closing of mail of the date.

J. W. R. TAYLOR,
P. A. SCHLUMBERGER,
Co-Managers in Hongkong.
Hongkong, August 1, 1903.

Business Notices.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LTD. Portland Cement.

In casks of 375 lbs net, \$5.00 per cask, ex Factory.

In bags of 250 lbs net, \$3.00 per bag, ex Factory.

FACTORIES—HONGKONG AND MACAO.

Glazed Stoneware, Drain Pipes and Fittings, Glazed
Paving Bricks and Tiles, Fire Bricks and Fire Clay.

FIRE CLAY WORKS.—DEEP WATER BAY HONGKONG

For further particulars, apply to

Shewan, Tomes & Co.,
GENERAL MANAGERS.

THE VICTORIA DISPENSARY, HONGKONG.

PRICKLY HEAT LOTION.

The only Effectual Remedy for allaying the Irritation.

PRICKLY HEAT POWDER.

DAKIN'S SINGLE SEIDLITZ.

A most Agreeable and Effective Effervescent Aperient.

DAKIN'S IODISED SARSAPARILLA.

A Safe and reliable remedy for Skin Diseases and affections arising from im-
purity of the Blood.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY, Queen's Road Central.

Cutler, Palmer & Co., LONDON.

(Wine Shippers to China since 1815).

Have always Stocks of their well-known Brands with

Hongkong, 15th July, 1901.

CHAMPAGNES

FROM

CHARLES HEIDSIECK

PURVEYOR TO HIS MAJESTY KING EDWARD.

SIEMSEN & CO.,
SOLE AGENT FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

HONGKONG HOTEL.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL, PROVIDED WITH EVERY COMFORT.

NEWLY-FURNISHED ROOMS.

TWO ELEVATORS.

NEW REFRIGERATING PLANT.

BEST QUALITY LIQUORS & PROVISIONS.

The Peak Hotel.

Admirably Situated—Sheltered from the North-East Monsoon and Open to the
South-West Monsoon.

A COVERED GANGWAY LEADS FROM THE TRAMWAY TERMINUS
INTO THE HOTEL.

Telephone No. 23.

Telegraphic Address: 'PEAKHOTEL'.

CONNAUGHT HOUSE HOTEL, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL, SITUATED NEAR THE BANKS AND PRINCIPAL
OFFICES.—EXCELLENT CUISINE AND WINES.

Large and lofty Rooms Elegantly Furnished. Hydraulic Elevator.

Hot and Cold Water throughout. Special Rates for Tourists.

Launch Service for Guests.

For Terms, apply THE MANAGER.

W. BREWER & CO.

CHEAP USEFUL BOOKS, FORTY-FIVE CENTS. EACH.

Every-body's Letter Writer.

Guide to Chess and Draughts.

Book of Good Conduct.

Scrap Book, Curious Facts.

Medical Guide.

Book of English, Wit and Humour.

Book of Scotch, Wit and Humour.

Book of Games (Out-door).

Book of Jokes.

Book of Acting Charades.

Guide to Poultry-keeping.

CHEAP NOVELS, FORTY-FIVE CENTS. EACH.

A Social Highwayman, by Train.

Minah Clarke, by Conan Doyle.

Secret Service, by Le Quex.

Dark Horse, by Nat Gould.

Chestnuts, by Swann.

The Whirligigs, by Lindsay.

Latimer Field, by Hocking.

Jan O'Brien, by Adams.

Old Jack, by Kingston.

The Fog Princess, by Warden.

David Harum, by Westcott.

NOTICE.

We shall resume possession of our

old premises, 15, QUEEN'S ROAD, on

the 1st August.

Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co.,
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

Hongkong, July 31, 1903.

Wanted.

WANTED.

A European with a knowledge of
Spanish offers his services as SHIP-
PING CLERK or TYPEWRITER (com-
petent) to any Mercantile concern.
Apply stating terms, &c., to—

'REMINGTON',
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office,
Hongkong, August 6, 1903.

WANTED.

A PORTUGUESE TYPE-
WRITER.

Apply in writing, stating salary, etc.,
to—

'TYPIST',
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office,
Hongkong, August 6, 1903.

WANTED.

A GENTLEMAN (German preferred)
with good references as to his character
and ability, who could influence labour
and export business, to join as a part-
ner to one who could supply a reasonable
capital.

Apply
A. B. C.,
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office,
Hongkong, August 5, 1903.

Intimations.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

BOYD, KAYE & CO., Foreign Repre-
sentatives, have removed from No. 70,
Queen's Road Central, Hongkong, to
larger and more convenient premises at
No. 25, DES VŒUX ROAD.

Hongkong, August 6, 1903.

LOOK SEE!

CAN DO!

WHAT?

FINE DEVELOPING, PRINTING
AND
FRAMING OF PICTURES.

WHERE?

LeMUNYON'S

31, Des Vœux Road.

HOW?

IN THE VERY BEST
STYLE.

P.O. Box 368. Telephone 390.
Hongkong, August 1, 1903.

THE POPULAR SCOTCH IS 'BLACK & WHITE'

JAMES BUCHANAN & CO.
SCOTCH WHISKY DISTILLERS.
By Appointment to
H.M. THE KING
and
H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES

<

Intimations.

G. FALCONER & Co.,
WATCH-MAKERS AND JEWELLERS.

NEW SELECTIONS OF
DIAMOND JEWELLERY AND ENGLISH SILVER WARE.
HIGH-CLASS GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.
LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SPECTACLES.
FINCENETZ AND EYE PRESERVES.
G. FALCONER & Co. are Agents for ROSS'S FAMOUS TELESCOPES AND
BINOCULARS, LORD KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
ADMIRALTY CHARTS AND BOOKS.

EASTMAN'S KODAKS AND FILMS.

64, QUEEN'S ROAD.

JAPAN COALS.

mitsui BUSSAN KAISHA
(MITSUI & CO.)

HEAD OFFICE: 1, SUNGGA-CHO, TOKYO.

LONDON BRANCH: 34, LIME STREET, E.C.

HONGKONG BRANCH: PRINCE'S BUILDINGS, 101, HOUSE STREET, FIRST FLOOR.

OTHER BRANCHES:

New York, San Francisco, Hamburg, Bombay, Singapore, Sourabaya, Manila, Amoy,
Shanghai, Chefoo, Tientsin, Newchwang, Port Arthur, Seoul, Chemulpo, Yokohama,
Yokosuka, Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Maizuru, Kure, Shimonoaki, Moji, Waka-
matsu, Hamamatsu, Nagoaki, Kuchinotsu, Sasebo, Maizuru, Mike Hakodate
Tahiti, etc.

Telegraphic Address: "MITSUI" (A.B.C. and A 1 Codes.)

CONTRACTORS OF COAL to the Imperial Japanese Navy and Armaments and the
State Railways; Principal Railway Companies and Industrial Works; Home and
Foreign Mail and Freight Steamers.
SOLE PROPRIETORS of the Famous Mito, Tagawa, Yamano, and Ida Coal Mines.
SOLE AGENTS for Hokoku, Hondo, Kanada, Fujinotsu, Mamoda, Mannoura,
Onomura, Otsu, Sashima, Tachikawa, Yoshinotsu, Yoshino, Yonokibara, and other
Coals.

N. INUZUKA, Manager, Hong Kong.

Hongkong, April 28, 1933.



A healthy child is
naturally full of life.
His mother will tell you
Rainier Beer
did her a lot of good
its pure ingredients
its perfect brewing
when used in moderation
all tend to build up the
system.
Better try it yourself
SEATTLE BREWING & MALTING CO.
SEATTLE, WASH.
PHONE RAINIER 30

For Case (8 dozen Pints).....\$18.00
(Special terms to large buyers) (or 4 dozen Quarts)

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.,

Sole Agents for Hongkong, China and Manila.

Apollinaris

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS"

"Apollinaris is of recognised purity; its long continued
world-wide use attests its merit."

THE NEW YORK MEDICAL JOURNAL.

"The purity of Apollinaris offers the best security against
the dangers of ordinary drinking waters."

THE LONDON MEDICAL RECORD.

Sole Agents:

CARLOWITZ & CO.,

HONG KONG, CANTON, SHANGHAI, TIENTSIN, HANKOW & TSINGTAU.



Houten's
Exquisite Flavor.
Easily Digested.
Cocoa
BEST & GOES FARTHEST.

Intimations.

HONGKONG PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL
MEETING of the above SOCIETY
will be held on MONDAY, the 10th inst.,
at the CITY HALL, at 5 p.m.
All Members are earnestly asked to at-
tend, and all who wish to become members
are cordially invited.

By Order of the Committee,
ERNEST MIROW,
Hon. Secretary pro tem.
Hongkong, August 5, 1933. 161

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
ORDINARY HALF YEARLY
MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in
this Corporation will be held at the City
Hall, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the
FIFTEENTH day of AUGUST next, at Noon,
for the purpose of receiving the Report of
the Court of Directors, together with a
Statement of Accounts to 30th June, 1933.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, July 22, 1933. 1522

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
REGISTERS of SHARES of the
Corporation will be CLOSED on
SATURDAY, the first to the fifteenth day
of August next (both days inclusive),
during which period no Transfer of Shares
can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, July 22, 1933. 1521

THE HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ORDINARY HALF YEARLY
MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS
of the COMPANY, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, CON-
NAUGHT ROAD, on MONDAY, the 24th
AUGUST, at 12 o'clock, Noon, for the
purpose of receiving the Report of the
Directors and the Statement of Accounts to
the 31st June, 1933.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Com-
pany will be CLOSED from the 10th to
24th August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THOS. I. ROSE,
Secretary.

Hongkong, July 29, 1933. 1548

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE DIVIDEND at the Rate of 10 per
cent, or \$1.50 per Share, declared
at the Ordinary Half-yearly Meeting of
SHAREHOLDERS, held this day, will be
payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai
Banking Corporation, on and after WED-
NESDAY, the 6th August, 1933.

SHAREHOLDERS are requested to
apply to the Office of the Company for
WARRANTS.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. GOOSMANN,
Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, August 4, 1933. 1523

HUMPHREYS' ESTATE & FINANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that
an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEET-
ING of HUMPHREYS' ESTATE & FINANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the
COMPANY'S OFFICES, Nos. 38 and 40,
Queen's Road Central, Victoria, Hong-
kong, on SATURDAY, the 31st day of
October, 1933, at Noon, when the Sub-
joined Resolutions will be proposed, viz.:

1. That the Capital of the Company be
increased from \$1,000,000 (divided
into 100,000 shares of \$10 each) to
\$1,500,000 (divided into 150,000
shares of \$10 each) by the creation of
50,000 new shares of \$10 each to be
offered and if accepted to be allotted
to the present shareholders of the
Company at par in the ratio and propo-
tion of one new share for every
two old shares in the Company held
by the respective shareholders thereof,
the amount payable on each of such
new shares respectively to be paid at
such time and in such manner as the
Company may hereafter determine.
2. That Article No. 82 of the Articles of
Association of the Company be can-
celled and the following Article sub-
stituted therefor:

"The remuneration of the General
Managers shall be \$4,000 per annum
(which shall cover office rent but not
salaries of Secretary and other em-
ployees) and a commission of 5 per cent.
of the net profits of the Company for each
year that such profits amount to 7 per cent.
of the Capital of the Company."

Should the above Resolutions be duly
passed they will be submitted for con-
firmation as Special Resolutions to a Second
Extraordinary General Meeting which will
be subsequently convened.

Dated this 24th day of July, 1933.
JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

Elgin Road, KOWLOON.

35 BEDROOMS, Excellently Furnished.

Bath to each Room.

DINING ROOM and CUISINE under

Strict Supervision.

European and American Wines, Spirits

and Beers.

English, American, and Manila News-
papers on file.

POOL and BILLIARDS.

Terms, \$4.00 to \$7.00 per day; \$65 to
\$120 per Month.JAS. D. M. CAMERON,
Manager.

Hongkong, May 5, 1933. 978

Intimations.

GOVERNMENT BILLS.

TENDERS for SPECIE, BRITISH
and MEXICAN DOLLARS, current
in this Colony, in Exchange for Specie
Bills drawn at 10 days' sight on the
Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's
Treasury, London, will be received by the
Chief Paymaster, Army Pay Department,
until 11 a.m. on the 10th August, 1933.

The Tenders to state the total amount
(in Pounds Sterling) and the amount for
which each Bill should be drawn, but no
Bills will be issued for less than £100.
The tenders to be in Duplicate, and in
Sealed Covers, addressed to the Chief Pay-
master, Army Pay Department, and en-
closed 'TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT BILLS.'
The right to accept or reject any or all of
the tenders is reserved.
Copies of Forms of tender can be had on
application.

GEO. H. FERRIER, Colonel,
H.M. Treasury Chest Officer.
His Majesty's Treasury Office,
Fletcher Street, Hongkong,
6th August, 1933. 1622

HONGKONG SANITARY BOARD.

NOTICE.

THE Board having found it necessary to
institute summary proceedings against
people using Chalk and Water in lieu of Lime-
wash, Owners of Houses are hereby informed
that Chalk and Water cannot be accepted in
lieu of Linewash, but that there is no
objection to colouring matter being added to
the Linewash.

By Order,
G. A. WOODCOCK,
Secretary.

Sanitary Board Office,
11th July, 1933. 1461

NOTICE.

THE attention of Householders is drawn
to the fact that stagnant pools and
collections of water in broken flower-pots,
broken jars, &c., standing in their premises
are a source of danger to people residing
therein, and to warn them that the Sanitary
Board intend to treat such as nuisances.

By Order,
G. A. WOODCOCK,
Secretary.

Sanitary Board Room,
Hongkong, July 14, 1933. 1506

ZETLAND HOUSE.

No. 10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATION.

Moderate Charges.

MRS. WATLING,
Proprietress.

Hongkong, January 14, 1933. 96

THE CHINA AND JAPAN TELEPHONE AND ELECTRIC COMPANY, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Payable Quarterly in Advance.

EXCHANGE LINES:

\$100, and Private Lines by

arrangement.

N.B.—A Special Charge is made for

Lines of more than average

length.

DESK TELEPHONES.

For a small additional annual charge Desk

Sets can be supplied.

ELECTRIC FANS.

ELECTRIC SUPPLIES

Of Every Description in Stock,

including:

BATTERIES, CHEMICALS,

ELECTRIC BELLS,

INSULATORS,

LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS,

SWITCHES, TELEPHONES,

WIRE, etc., etc.

Send for Price Lists.

ELECTRIC BELL

INSTALLATIONS.

Erected and Maintained.

Estimates given Free for all kinds of

Electrical Work.

Trained Mechanics sent to Out-Ports of

fit up Installations if required.

NOTE ADDRESS: 2 JOE HOUSE

ROAD.

For full particulars, &c., &c.,

Apply to

W. STUART HARRISON,

A.M. Inst. C.E.,

Manager.

Hongkong, April 2, 1933. 1.0

Intimations.

TRY OUR

Red, White and Blue

COFFEE.

FRESH ROASTED DAILY.

65 cts. per lb. TIN.

ANGLO-AMERICAN STORES,

1 & 3, Wellington St., Hongkong.

64, Elgin Road, Kowloon.

To Let.

TO LET.

'LARKSPUR.'

No. 3, UPPER RICHMOND ROAD,
for Six months from 1st June.
Apply
'J. D.'
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, June 17, 1933. 1271

TO LET.

FOUR NICE NEWLY-PAINTED FLOORS,
in First-class Condition,
Enquire at
C. E. LE MURPHY'S
NEW STORE,
29 and 31, Des Vaux Road.
T.O. Box 368.
Hongkong, June 2, 1933. 1175

TO LET.

ONE 1st-CLASS SPACIOUS GODOWN
at West Point.
Apply to
'GODOWN.'
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, June 15, 1933. 1267

TO LET.

CHEAPEST HOUSES IN THE
COLONY.
MORRISON HILL GAP ROAD. Nice
Houses, 4-Rooms, Bathrooms, out-
houses and verandahs. Only \$40, inclusive
of Taxes.
WILD DELL BUILDINGS, No. 147, WAN-
CHAI ROAD. Comfortable and Airy Flats
of 2 or 3 Rooms, from \$25 inclusive of
Taxes.
No. 24, CAINE ROAD, 9-Rooms.
No. 10, SINGAPOUR TERRACE \$80 exclusive
of Taxes.
And others to suit various requirements.
S. A. SETH,
LAND & ESTATE BROKER,
DAVEY STREET, HONG KONG.

TO LET.

No. 3, DUDELL STREET, Ground
Floor, suitable for Offices or Office
and Godown.
Apply
SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST LD.,
Cannington Road, Central.
Hongkong, June 27, 1933. 1334

TO LET.

GODOWN TO LET.
No. 135, PRAJA EAST. Spacious
Two-storied Godown. Suitable for
Yarn or Goods.
Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, July 11, 1933. 1446

TO LET.

No. 2, RIFES TERRACE IN FLATS.
HOUSES IN LORINGTON HILL ROAD.
FLATS IN MORRISON TERRACE, CAUSEWAY,
BAI, FACING THE POLO GROUND.
GODOWN at BOWRINGTON (PRAJA
East).
Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, June 8, 1933. 1231

TO LET.

ON Lease, SPACIOUS OFFICES on First
Floor, in QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
One minute from Clock Tower, imme-
diate occupation; particulars, etc.,
Apply to
'CYMRO.'
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, August 5, 1933. 1518

TO LET.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.
"KILLADOON."
ON North Spur of MORRISON HILL,
151, WANCHAI ROAD.—Light,
Airy and well-furnished Double and Single
Rooms, with full view of the Harbour.
Reduced Rates for Summer with or
without Board. For Terms,
Apply on the Premises, to
Mrs G. S. WEBB.
Hongkong, July 7, 1933. 1416

TO LET.

REDUCTION ON AUSTRALIAN
FRESH BUTTER.
I have reduced the Price of BUTTER
from 90 Cents to 85 Cents per pound.
I guarantee the BUTTER to be the freshest
and of the best quality obtainable in the
market. I do not put up the BUTTER
in private bags as many others do after im-
porting in lumps.
H. RUTTON-JEFF,
5, D'Aguiar Street,
37 and 38, Elgin Road, Kowloon.
Hongkong, August 3, 1933. 1591

Intimations.

TRY OUR

Red, White and Blue

COFFEE.

FRESH ROASTED DAILY.

65 cts. per lb. TIN.

ANGLO-AMERICAN STORES,

1 & 3, Wellington St., Hongkong.

64, Elgin Road, Kowloon.

To Let.

TO LET.

'LARKSPUR.'

No. 3, UPPER RICHMOND ROAD,
for Six months from 1st June.
Apply
'J. D.'
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, June 17, 1933. 1271

TO LET.

FOUR NICE NEWLY-PAINTED FLOORS,
in First-class Condition,
Enquire at
C. E. LE MURPHY'S
NEW STORE,
29 and 31, Des Vaux Road.
T.O. Box 368.
Hongkong, June 2, 1933. 1175

TO LET.

ONE 1st-CLASS SPACIOUS GODOWN
at West Point.
Apply to
'GODOWN.'
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, June 15, 1933. 1267

TO LET.

CHEAPEST HOUSES IN THE
COLONY.
MORRISON HILL GAP ROAD. Nice
Houses, 4-Rooms, Bathrooms, out-
houses and verandahs. Only \$40, inclusive
of Taxes.
WILD DELL BUILDINGS, No. 147, WAN-
CHAI ROAD. Comfortable and Airy Flats
of 2 or 3 Rooms, from \$25 inclusive of
Taxes.
No. 24, CAINE ROAD, 9-Rooms.
No. 10, SINGAPOUR TERRACE \$80 exclusive
of Taxes.
And others to suit various requirements.
S. A. SETH,
LAND & ESTATE BROKER,
DAVEY STREET, HONG KONG.

TO LET.

No. 3, DUDELL STREET, Ground
Floor, suitable for Offices or Office
and Godown.
Apply
SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST LD.,
Cannington Road, Central.
Hongkong, June 27, 1933. 1334

TO LET.

GODOWN TO LET.
No. 135, PRAJA EAST. Spacious
Two-storied Godown. Suitable for
Yarn or Goods.
Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, July 11, 1933. 1446

TO LET.

No. 2, RIFES TERRACE IN FLATS.
HOUSES IN LORINGTON HILL ROAD.
FLATS IN MORRISON TERRACE, CAUSEWAY,
BAI, FACING THE POLO GROUND.
GODOWN at BOWRINGTON (PRAJA
East).
Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT AND AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, June 8, 1933. 1231

TO LET.

ON Lease, SPACIOUS OFFICES on First
Floor, in QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
One minute from Clock Tower, imme-
diate occupation; particulars, etc.,
Apply to
'CYMRO.'
Care of 'CHINA MAIL' Office.
Hongkong, August 5, 1933. 1518

TO LET.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE.
"KILLADOON."
ON North Spur of MORRISON HILL,
151, WANCHAI ROAD.—Light,
Airy and well-furnished Double and Single
Rooms, with full view of the Harbour.
Reduced Rates for Summer with or
without Board. For Terms,
Apply on the Premises, to
Mrs G. S. WEBB.
Hongkong, July 7, 1933. 1416

TO LET.

REDUCTION ON AUSTRALIAN
FRESH BUTTER.
I have reduced the Price of BUTTER
from 90 Cents to 85 Cents per pound.
I guarantee the BUTTER to be the freshest
and of the best quality obtainable in the
market. I do not put up the BUTTER
in private bags as many others do after im-
porting in lumps.
H. RUTTON-JEFF,
5, D'Aguiar Street,
37 and 38, Elgin Road, Kowloon.
Hongkong, August 3, 1933. 1591

MR DOOLEY ON A JURY.

'Ye're looking pale,' said Mr Hennessy.
'I'm all that,' said Mr Dooley. 'I've
been in the High Court.'

'The Lord save us from harrum,' said Mr
Hennessy.

'Twas this way,' said Mr Dooley. 'Three
weeks come Friday I sat down to me dinner.
Me wife was for hiding something ahind her
back, "Phit's that," says I. "Tis a
Diploma," says she, "tis having at framed
I'll be." "Twill scare the hired girl may
be," says I. "Show ut," says I. And
she showed ut.'

'Phat was ut?' said Mr Hennessy.
'Twas a summons from the Sheriff,' said
Mr Dooley.

'But ye done nothing,' said Mr Hen-
nessy.

'Last month I dhrumt I shruok a
coloured man,' said Mr Dooley. 'They'd
hang me if it was known. 'Tis the Law. I
took the seventeen dollars I'd saved against
the dinner.'

'But ye're not a Scotchman,' said Mr
Hennessy.

'One day in each yar I'm MacDull,' said
Mr Dooley. 'I tuk the dollars and I went
to the Sheriff and I said: "O'd ye square
the jury with this, Mr Sheriff." "But ye're
on the jury y'rself," says he, looking

ABLE ADDRESS: 'ACHEE', HONGKONG.
A. B. C. CODE, 4TH EDITION

ESTABLISHED 1859.

ACHEE & CO

祥利廣

47a Queen's Road.

**Furniture
Dealers.**

DRAWING-ROOM,
DINING-ROOM,
and BEDROOM
FURNITURE.

ELECTRO-PLATED,
GLASS and
CHINA WARES.

FASTER'S MICROBE-
PROOF FILTERS,
ROCHESTER LAMPS,
WHITE TURKISH
TOWELS and
COUNTERPANES.

COOKING RANGES,
KITCHEN UTENSILS,
and HOUSEHOLD
REQUISITES.

**WM. POWELL,
LIMITED.**

**General.
Drapers
AND
High-Class
Dress
Makers.**

**LADIES' AND
GENTLEMEN'S.**

Fine Quality Panamas.
A fine assortment of
FLOWERS, MUSLINS,
RIBBONS, LACES, etc.

New Chatelaine Bags, and
Fancy Goods.

**GENTLEMEN'S
DEPARTMENT.**

Light Summer
SHIRTS, HATS, HALF-
ROSE, BOOTS, Etc., Etc.

Ask to see the New Moun-
tain Picnic Tent; can be
carried and fixed by
any one.

28 & 34, QUEEN'S ROAD,
Hongkong.



TELEPHONE No. 135.

'D. C. L.'

\$9.00 per dozen

**The best Gin on
the Market, its
purity defies
Competition.**

SOLE AGENTS,
H. PRICE & CO.,
12, Queen's Road.

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Auctions.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of a Valuable Collection of Used and Unused Postage Stamps, &c. at Mr Geo. P. Lammer's Sales Rooms.

Amusements.

9 p.m.—Boxing Competition, City Hall.

Miscellaneous.

3 p.m.—Competition of Hongkong Rifle Association.

Goods per *Harlequin* undelivered after this date subject to rent.

General Memoranda.

Monday August 10:—

11 a.m.—Tenders for Government Bills received by Chief Paymaster.

3 p.m.—Auctions of Crown Lands at the Public Works Department's Offices.

Goods per *Nankin* not cleared at 4 p.m. on this date subject to rent.

Goods per *Georgy* after 4 p.m. on this date will be landed.

Wednesday August 12:—

3.30 p.m.—Meeting of Members of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce at Chamber Room, City Hall.

9 p.m.—Performance at the City Hall.

Goods per *Symetra* not cleared at 4 p.m. on this date subject to rent.

Saturday August 15:—

Noon.—Meeting of Shareholders of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, at the City Hall.



**A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.**

WINE MERCHANTS.

Established A.D. 1841.

CLARETS.

	Per Case	Per Case
ST. ESTEPHE	8.00	9.00
ST. JULIEN	10.00	11.00
LA. ROSE	13.50	14.50
CHATEAU HAUT BRION	20.00	22.00
LARIVET	20.00	22.00
CHATEAU MOUTON	24.00	26.00
D'ARMAILHACQ	24.00	26.00
CHATEAU PONTET	24.00	26.00
CANET	25.00	—
CHATEAU LA TOUR	33.00	—
GARNET	33.00	—
CHATEAU RAUZY	48.00	—
CHATEAU LAFITE	54.00	—

These CLARETS are specially selected and obtained from the LEADING FRENCH GROWERS; they are of exceptional value and in fine condition.

THE CHATEAU BRANDS

are recommended to the notice of Connoisseurs as high-class dinner wines.

We guarantee our Wines and Spirits to be genuine only when bought direct from us in the Colony or from our authorised Agents at the Coast Ports.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Limited,
1st August, 1903.

BIRTH.
On the 2nd August, at No. 6, Woohing Road, Shanghai, the wife of J. M. E. PERRELLA, of a Son.

DEATHS.
On the 1st August, at Chelms, HEINZ, only son of Mr. & Mrs. G. GIFFERSON; aged five years.
On 25th July, in the Red Sea, FRANK PIRTS, lately in Command of the U.S.S. Oyst's W. Australian Steamer *Sultan*.

The publication of this issue commenced at 5.20 p.m.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1903.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

There will be general satisfaction here and in the Shanghai over the state-reformers' movement made by Lord Cranborne with reference to the Chinese journalists and reformers now under arrest in Shanghai. It will be remembered that several men connected with the 'Supao', a native newspaper published in the Settlements, were arrested on the instigation of the Chinese authorities on a charge of sedition. The addition, apparently, consisted in the advocacy of certain reforms in China, and before the Consular Body allowed the warrants to issue for the arrest of the accused, it was distinctly stipulated that they would be tried and punished in the Settlement.

The proceedings in the Mixed Court were brought to an abrupt termination, being adjourned sine die, in consequence, it was believed, of the interference of the Diplomatic Body at Peking. It was feared that the accused were to be handed over to the Chinese authorities without the preliminary trial before a foreign assessor; and it is probably on account of the strong protestations of the Shanghai Municipal Council that the British Government has instructed Sir Ernest Satow that the men are not to be handed over to the Chinese. Were the charges against the accused simply in connection with the 'Supao', there might be good reason for refusing extradition, but it is stated from Shanghai that 'two of the accused have confessed to the writing of seditious pamphlets, and seem almost anxious to be made martyrs; and a third is acknowledged to have no connection with the 'Supao' whatever, but to be wanted in connection with a childish and abortive attempt at insurrection in Hankow three years ago'. The prospective fate of these men should they be extradited is certain. The Peking authorities do not want reform; they defend their privileges in the old conservative fashion by decapitating or otherwise procuring the murder—as they did in Hongkong—of all the advocates of enlightenment and progress. An instance of what we mean is supplied by the following paragraph from the N.C. Daily News of the 3rd inst.:—

'As will be remembered by our readers a Chinese named Shen K'wei, Northern correspondent for a couple of Japanese newspapers, was recently arrested in Peking by the gendarmes and handed to the Board of Punishments for sentence on the charge of having been concerned in the abortive attempt of the Puyi society-men at Hankow in the autumn of 1900. A telegram received here on Friday, the 31st ultimo, from Peking, now reports that the officials of that Board gave Shen K'wei but a short shrift, and summarily executed him on the 30th ultimo. There are even reports that the doomed man did not receive any trial at all. It is well known that the Chinese will not scruple to manufacture evidence against any reformer whose life they desire, and so it is very necessary that in all these extradition cases the evidence of guilt in crimes committed on the mainland should be sifted with the greatest care. If the only crime that can be proved against the 'Supao' staff is that they pleaded the cause of reform, then it is to be hoped, for the sake of China herself, that these men will never be handed over to the tender mercies of their Chinese accusers.'

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy
Is a cure for severe colds, persistent coughs and a preventive of pneumonia. It is the mother's favourite for whooping cough. Will cure your child quicker than any other medicine in the market, and leave the system in a natural and healthy condition. Is an ideal medicine for adults and children, and the most perfect and effective that has ever been produced. It always cures, and cures quickly. For sale by all chemists and medicine vendors; **WATKINS Ltd., General Agents.**

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Notes by the Way.

King Edward intends to go to Marienbad this summer.

The Taku Forts have been entirely handed back to the Chinese.

For the past two days, no cases of plague have been reported by the Sanitary Board authorities.

In honour of the Japanese squadron in Manila Bay, an official ball was given at Cavite on the 23rd ult.

The U.S. cruiser *Albatross*, *Cincinnati* and *Raleigh* arrived at Singapore from Colombo on the 31st ult.

The Chinese Times states that the final agreement for the Anglo-German railway from Tientsin to the Yangtze is being drawn up.

There are now twenty-nine women of title in England who were American girls, including four Duchesses and two Countesses.

The Chinese Court is said to be having the palaces at Peking and Hsian kept in order in case Peking should be made a treaty port.

From the 1st March to the 1st inst., when it was closed, the Osaka Exhibition was visited by over 4,000,000 of people. Was the Harbin Exposition visited by 40,000?

There were 201 European and 55 Chinese visitors to the City Hall Library, and 46 European and 1,450 Chinese visitors to the Museum during the week ending 2nd August.

A private letter from Ningpo, dated the 1st inst., says that the crops of rice and cotton which were looking magnificent until three days before are very seriously damaged, if not ruined, by the typhoon that struck them at the end of the week.

A provincial paper tells a good story of Lord Curzon and a patriotic American, seeing an American lady much interested in a newspaper paragraph with the title 'India and Lord Curzon', a friend remarked upon her interest. 'Yes,' she replied. 'When that young man came out here and married Mary Leiter, I always said she would make something of him—and she has.'

Chamber of Commerce.
A special meeting of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce will be held on Wednesday next, the 12th inst., to elect a representative in the Legislative Council to act during Mr Shaw's absence. The two candidates mentioned are Mr E. A. Howitt, Chairman of the Chamber, and Mr H. E. Pollock, K.C.

The Bismarck and Co. Trouble.
Cheong U. Fo, secretary to Bismarck and Co. Nos. 18 and 19 Connaught Road Central; Ho Yau Fuk, runner; Mak Kim, house cooler; and Pau Yat Sheung, runner, were committed for trial at the Magistrate's court on a charge of stealing \$9,000, and some documents the property of Kwok Kin Hin, purveyor, No. 18 Connaught Road. The case has been proceeding for some time.

Death of Captain F. Pitts.
The *Singapore Free Press* says:—The news of the death of Captain F. Pitts of the *Sultan*, although not unexpected, will be received here with much regret. Capt Pitts left here in the *Antenor* at the beginning of July, in a precarious state suffering from Bright's disease. At Colombo, he was believed to be dying, and now the news of the death in the Red Sea of the popular commander has been received. Curiously enough he died on the same day as Mr James Ronald, his chief engineer, who broke his leg and died in Broome Hospital, also on June 25.

New Japanese Dock.
The *Kobe Chronicle* of the 28th ult. says:—The dry-dock of the Hakodate Dockyard Company, recently established, will be opened to-day for business. Some ceremony will attend the formal opening of the dock, which is situated north of the former Benten fort, and can accommodate a vessel of 10,000 tons. Part of what is now the compound of the yard has been reclaimed to the extent of about 14,000 *isabō* from the sea. The construction of the dock was taken in hand in June 1898, and that of the slip for repairing vessels which is adjacent in November 1899. All necessary 'shops' are now ready for business, which it is to be hoped the company will receive in full measure. We believe the entrance to the dock has been already dredged sufficiently to measure a mean depth of 20 feet at low tide. This is to be deepened to 25 feet. The depth of the passage to the slip is 25 feet. Vessels have been repaired at this slip since the year before last. The dock is owned by the Hakodate Dockyard Company.

The best excuse is a poor excuse.

Have You Rheumatism?
If you hit your thumb with a hammer, would you allow a lot of medicine to be poured upon it? Not on your life. You would wrap it up with some soothing, healing remedy like Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and let nature do the rest. There is no more sense in swallowing a lot of medicine for rheumatism than there is for a bruised thumb. What you want to do is to rub Balm every night and morning. Rub it well in, and let nature do the rest, and between Pain Balm and nature you will be cured. One application gives relief. For sale by all chemists and medicine vendors; **WATKINS Ltd., General Agents.**

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Sir Ernest Satow.

Sir Ernest Satow leaves for the north by H.M.S. *Vengeance* as soon as the weather moderates.

Death of an Officer.
Rangoon papers report the death that took place at Rangoon, on Saturday, 11th July, of Capt. George Milnes, Inspector of Ordnance Machinery, Rangoon Defences, at the age of forty-three. Capt. Milnes was appointed an inspector in 1897 with the honorary rank of Captain. He had about twenty-five years service.

A Whistler Story.
The very best Whistler story, perhaps, is the Volasquez one. A lady was raving over some Whistler portraits—where undoubtedly there was room for unstinted admiration—and unflinchingly said to the painter, 'Since Velasquez no portraits have been painted like yours.' Mr Whistler put on his famous bored expression and replied, 'My good woman, why drag in Velasquez?'

The 'Albion' in a Typhoon.
H.M.S. *Albion* had rather a rough time in a typhoon on her run down from Weihaiwei, and the crew, with the exception of those needed on deck, were kept below. The heat between decks was terrific and caused several of the men to faint. In addition to the discomfort for which the storm was responsible there was a shortage of fresh water, the distilling plant refusing to work when the supply had run out. The *Albion* will remain here to await the arrival of Rear-Admiral Curzon-Howe who is expected at the end of the month. The new Admiral relieves Rear-Admiral Grenfell, who, having recovered from his attack of typhoid fever, has gone home.

The Reported Arrest at Peking.
The 'Reformer' arrested at Peking recently, supposed to be the well-known Liang Chi-chao, according to a Peking dispatch, turns out, says the N.C. Daily News, to be a man named Shen K'wei, a native of Tungting Island, Taihu Lake, Soochow, and is said to be the correspondent of a certain Tientsin native newspaper and also of a Japanese newspaper published in Osaka, Japan. It is further reported that his frequent unfavourable criticisms of Viceroy Chang Chi-tung had obtained for Shen K'wei the enmity of that powerful satrap with the result that Shen was accused to Prince Su, who is Commandant-General of the Peking Gendarmes, as a revolutionist and a member of the Puyi society, which was concerned in the abortive attempt against the mandarins in Hankow in the autumn of 1900. This led to the man's arrest by Peking gendarmes and he is now languishing in the goal of the Board of Punishments awaiting sentence of some sort.

The Princely House.
We notice (says the P. and T. Times) that Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. are putting up a large two-storied godown in the north-east corner of their compound, also at the rear of their Hong Two-Road building for quarters and offices of the Native Staff. We understand it is the intention of the firm before very long to demolish the present bungalow and dependencies constituting the offices, and to erect at the corner of Ewo and Victoria Road (on the site of the present stable) a two-storied building, providing offices down stairs and quarters for a junior mess upstairs. The present work, which is rapidly approaching completion, is in the hands of a Shanghai Contractor, under the supervision of Messrs Adams and Knowles, the architects, and a very handsome building they are making. Messrs Jardine, Matheson & Co. have also placed a contract through these architects for the rebuilding of their Peking premises on Legation Street.

Contract Labour in Manila.
The *Kobe Chronicle* says:—We are compelled occasionally to criticize the Japanese for too literal reading and narrow interpretation of the law which in our opinion has been the cause of much inequity; yet if the facts are reported exactly, it would be difficult to enforce a truer interpretation of the law more blithely than has recently been done in Manila. Philippine papers report that there recently arrived at Malacan Englishman, Mr Frank Stanley All, who had come out under agreement to take up a position in the local branch of the Chartered Bank. Upon arrival at the port, the Collector of Customs, Mr W. Morgan Shuster, refused to allow the Englishman to land on the ground that it would be a violation of a Contract Labour Law, which prohibits the importation of aliens into an archipelago under contract to labour. We have not received a full account of this remarkable incident, but it appears plain in what is reported that the Manila Collector of Customs is following the letter of the law and wholly neglecting the spirit, as the law is only intended, presumably, to apply to manual labourers, especially Orientals. Mr W. Morgan Shuster's legal decision in connection with the Customs laws has attracted great attention and criticism in Manila on former occasions, but this vagary seems to have caused great indignation, and the result will be awaited with interest.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Silver and Exchange.

It is interesting to note that silver is down to-day and local exchange of the dollar is up.

The Pollard Comedy Company.
Evidently the Pollard Comedy Company has found great favour in Manila, for they have been induced to prolong their stay there until to-morrow. Mr Alce Middleton, the business manager, received a cablegram yesterday stating that the Company would leave in time to open here on Wednesday next. Originally, Monday was fixed for the opening, but the extension of the Manila season will prevent adherence to that arrangement. The screaming farce-comedy 'Tun, Dick, and Harry' will be the opening piece, and on Friday and Saturday 'My Soldier Boy' will be staged. Both pieces gained great popularity amongst Manila theatregoers, and should draw large houses here.

The New Philippines Currency.
The following paragraph is taken from the Manila Times of the 24th July:—The Disbursing Officer of the Insular Purchasing Agent had the honor of receiving the first payment in the new money from the Insular Treasury. The amount was \$900 in Philippine currency. During the first day that the government issued the money, 6000 of the new cartwheels went through the windows; since then the \$5,000,000 which the government has on hand has been rapidly decreasing. The new Constant dollar has made its appearance on the water front and has provoked all kinds of criticism. It is generally conceded to be an excellent bit of designing, but nobody seems to grasp its value. One man walked into an establishment down town and told a friend that he would liquidate an old debt of seven pesos. 'He said: "George, old man, I owe you seven," and producing three of the new coins, continued: "Take it out of that." The two men are still working on the problem.'

The French in Foochow.
Relations between the French and Chinese in the Foochow arsenal are sharpening to a point more and more, says the *Ostasiatische Lloyd*. For a long time past the French have upheld a claim on the Foochow arsenal which, taken in round figures, amounts to 700,000 Taels. During the peace negotiations in 1901 the French ambassador brought up this claim and succeeded in getting the same included in the indemnification to be paid to France. This however did not afterwards have the effect that the French considered their claim settled; the French representative in Foochow still insists upon payment of this sum, and when he met with just and energetic resistance from the Chinese seized the arsenal. But it is known this arsenal engages to a great extent in all possible work in other respects is left to private enterprise. The Chinese central government has lately arrived at the only possible conclusion and ordered that the arsenal be treated as a private enterprise, which means that in future import duty is to be paid for all raw material imported for the arsenal, the same as other private dock-yards in China have to do.

Wedding at Shanghai.
The N.C. Daily News of the 30th July reports:—The German Church was filled yesterday afternoon at the wedding of Lieut. von Seckendorff, late of the German garrison here and now military instructor to the Chinese troops at Chinanfu, to Miss Emma, eldest daughter the late Count von Möllendorff, Commissioner of Customs at Ningpo. Miss von Möllendorff and her two charming sisters, who acted as bridesmaids, have been well known and loved here for many years, since their childhood in fact, their father having been one of the ablest and most respected members of the service. Since their return to Shanghai after their lamented father's death, the three young sisters have turned their unusual musical talents to advantage, and the concerts they have given have been among the pleasantest recreations in our winter season. The altar rails of the German Church were decorated yesterday with white flowers and foliage, the service being performed in German by the Rev. C. E. Darwent, Pastor of Union Church, who made an eloquent address to the young couple in their native language, wishing them health, prosperity, and happiness in their new state of life, a wish in which the whole congregation heartily joined. Mrs von Möllendorff was in a front seat, and among those present were the French Consul-General, *Admiral*, the Russian Consul-General, the German Vice-Consul, and a large number of the girl friends and companions of the bride and bridesmaids. The happy couple propose to enjoy a short honeymoon at Taingtao before proceeding to their new home at the capital of Shantung.

Have You Rheumatism?
If you hit your thumb with a hammer, would you allow a lot of medicine to be poured upon it? Not on your life. You would wrap it up with some soothing, healing remedy like Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and let nature do the rest. There is no more sense in swallowing a lot of medicine for rheumatism than there is for a bruised thumb. What you want to do is to rub Balm every night and morning. Rub it well in, and let nature do the rest, and between Pain Balm and nature you will be cured. One application gives relief. For sale by all chemists and medicine vendors; **WATKINS Ltd., General Agents.**

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Barque Ashore.

The Standard Oil Company at Singapore have received a telegram that their four-masted barque the *Falls of Hurik*, laden with sugar, is badly ashore on the Windsor rocks in the Straits of Sunda. She is homeward bound from Pecalongan.

Opium.
A Chinaman was proceeded against by Chief Excise Officer Spooner at the Magistrate's court this morning for illegally having in his possession one hundred six mace of opium. He was fined \$25, or four months' imprisonment, the heavy penalty being imposed because the accused denied having been previously fined \$25 for a similar offence.

A Hint to Society.
Society in Hongkong should know that woman is now discarding the pince-nez and taking to the monocle. Truth says that at the theatre the other evening a lady in a private box showed off a very pretty hand in manipulating her monocle. She did not fix it in her eye, but held it there with a thumb and two fingers.

Water Polo.
The following is the present condition of this competition:—

...in the
ularity
should

Society in Hongkong should know
woman is now discarding the pince-
taking to the monocle. Truth
that at the theatre the other evening
in a private box showed off a very
hand in manipulating her monocle.
not fix it in her eye, but held it the
a thumb and two fingers

n from
:-The

Telegrams at Foochow.
Mr J. M. Beck, Superintendent, Eastern Extension Telegraph Co., issues the following 'Express':—

Telegrams handed us since 3.00 p.m. yesterday are detained at Sharp Peak, all land wires connecting with Foochow being interrupted. Boat communication between Sharp Peak and Foochow is at present impossible.

The 'Chu-Kong.'
Captain Mason is booked to sail to-morrow for Manila to take command of the *Chu-Kong*, which went ashore last week in the Philippines. The vessel was successfully refitted and has now been repaired. She was chartered by the Philippine Insular Government for the conveyance of troops and rations to the outlying islands. The *Chu-Kong* was formerly the *Rakau Maru*.

The 'Pembroke.'
Messrs Gilman and Company, Lloyd's Representatives, have received a telegram from Swatow stating that the s.s. *Pembroke*, on her way from Shanghai to Hongkong for repairs, has put in to Swatow to shelter from a typhoon. The telegram states that all is well on board. The *Pembroke* sailed from Shanghai on the 30th July. The C.N. steamer *Wooning* is conveying the *Pembroke*.

Formosa and Pescadores Defences.
The Osaka branch of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha has obtained a contract from the Osaka Military Arsenal authorities for the transport of heavy guns and accessories for the forts at Keelung and the Pescadores. The guns (says the *Kobe Chronicle* of the 28th ult.) have been shipped by the *Nitakura*, which was to have left Osaka on Sunday last.

A Sick Admiral.
It is reported that the Rear-Admiral of the French Squadron, who arrived in Kobe by the *Chateau Renault* and has been lying ill since, says the *Kobe Chronicle*, sank into a state of unconsciousness on Saturday morning (18th ult.). Special permission was granted to the warship to enter within the breakwater in order to facilitate communication between the vessel and the shore.

Band at the Hongkong Hotel.
By kind permission of Major Radcliff and Officers, the Band of the 33rd Burma Infantry will play the following programme at the Hongkong Hotel, to-morrow (Saturday) evening, from 8 to 9.30 p.m.:—

March:—'The Union Jack', 'Eisenberg Entr'act', 'Mimi', 'H. Clarke Selection', 'The Messenger'.

Song:—'The Caterpillar', 'Ed. Carey Selection', 'The Rose Tree', 'Englander Waltz', 'Trésor d'Amour', 'Waldteufel Dance', 'Slavonic', 'Drunak'.

God save the King.

River Gunboats for China.
The *Ostasiatische Lloyd* says:—Some time ago, we published the statement that during his interim administration of office in Nanking after the death of Liu Kun-yih, H. K. Chang Chi-tung, ordered river gunboats for service on the Yangtze from Japan. Tenders from European dock-yards were also received, but not accepted; by Chang Chi-tung, who of late is strongly leaning towards Japan. We now learn that the order was for four gunboats, which has been placed with the Kawasaki works in Kobe. The dimensions of the boats are to be length 18 m., beam 2 m., depth from keel to upper deck 13.5 feet and they are to draw 7 feet. The displacement has been calculated at 525 tons. Engines of 950 horse power each will give the vessels a speed of 13 knots per hour.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1903.

TELEGRAMS.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMER ON FIRE AT KOBE.

M. M. 'TONKIN' BADLY DAMAGED.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
Kobe, August 7, 3.42 p.m.
The Messageries Maritimes steamer Tonkin (French mail steamer) caught fire in Kobe Harbour yesterday.

The fire was caused by the ignition of chlorate of potash on board.

The steamer, which is badly damaged forward, had to be beached.

[The Tonkin arrived in Hongkong on the 29th ultimo with the outward mail from Europe, and left on the same day for Japan. She is one of the M. M. newest steamers on the Far Eastern service.—Ed., C.M.]

THE VICEROY OF INDIA.

LONDON, August 5, 1903.
Lord Curzon's term has been extended.

THE NEW POPE.

The election of Cardinal Sarto is immensely popular in Italy, and there is general rejoicing in Rome.

MR. WHITAKER WRIGHT.

Mr Whitaker Wright has returned from being charged at the Guildhall with issuing a false balance sheet of the Globe Corporation. £5,000 bail was accepted.

THE NEAR EAST.

The news from Macedonia is more disquieting, and two dynamite outrages have occurred at Serowich, on the Salonika-Monastir railway. It is believed that a general insurrection is imminent.

THE CHINA REFORM PRISONERS.

Mr Balfour, replying to Mr Norman, said that Sir Ernest Satow had been telegraphically instructed that the Shanghai prisoners should not be surrendered.

SILVER.

BERLIN, August 1.
The American-Mexican Silver Commission has arrived at St. Petersburg and was received by the Minister of Finance, Mr Witte. The meetings will commence to-morrow.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

The agitation in Austria and Hungary is increasing. Separate negotiations in regard to new commercial treaties are being carried on by both parts of the Empire. In Hungary an attempt has been made to overcome the obstruction by means of bribes. This has given cause to an immense scandal. The position of the Cabinet is thereby menaced.

SIR ERNEST SATOW IN HONGKONG.

The Conference with the Chamber of Commerce.
We understand that His Excellency Sir Ernest Satow met the members of the Committee of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce in the Chamber's room at the City Hall yesterday afternoon about three o'clock.

The conference between him and the committee lasted about three hours, during which time the Minister went very fully into all subjects brought before him by the members, who were very favourably impressed by the grasp of details which he showed.

We are given to understand that no set speeches were made, but that each subject was gone into very thoroughly, the committee expressing their views in reply to searching questions put by the Minister.

Warship Loses Propeller Blade.

H. M. Sloop Mutine, Commander Plenderleath, arrived at Shanghai on the 1st inst. She had lost one propeller blade, and called in to have it replaced.

Interport Cricket.

It is proposed to send a Hongkong cricket team to Shanghai next month to play an Interport match. The Hongkong C. C. has appointed a special committee to carry out the arrangements, and it is hoped strong team will be got together to represent the Colony. As the cricket season was near, speculation is rife on the prospects of the game locally. With the occasion of some enthusiastic civilian members, it is hoped that the game will get a fair trial.

Diarrhoea.

DIARRHOEA, in its first stages, can be cured by a few doses of that pleasant, reliable, and effectual medicine, Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. In many instances one dose is sufficient, but it is a rule three or four doses are necessary. It is a good thing to keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy, for it is a good thing to have it in the house. When you get it, it has stood the test for thirty-five years, and has no equal as a remedy for all bowel disorders. So don't try to cure it with a something that some quack will claim is "Just as Good." For sale by all chemists and medicine vendors; WATKINS Ltd., General Agents.

PECULIAR PEOPLE.

The Admiral and the Engineer.

No. III.

Diplomatic relations between the Court at Samoa and the Court at St. James's were strained almost to breaking point. The last time the Emperor had attempted to argue with a Western nation—the French—he had come off rather worse than second best. The French fleet had sailed up the river one night, and when the Emperor woke up next morning he found a French frigate outside his bedroom door, while the French flag had replaced the Red Warus on the Palace flag-staff. The French had to be paid quite a large sum of money before they could be persuaded to go away.

But this time the Emperor was not going to be caught napping. Profiting by experience, he made up his mind to get in the first blow, and boldly carried the war into the enemy's country. An ultimatum was sent to the British Government, while flying squadrons were despatched to make demonstrations at all the British ports in the East. The fleet which was to overawe and perhaps bombard Hongkong consisted of a gunboat and two pinnaces, and was under the command of Admiral Sindall. This formidable armament solemnly steamed through Hongkong Harbour in three columns, encircled the island, and then went off and anchored somewhere behind Lantau pending the expiry of the ultimatum. Much to Admiral Sindall's disgust, the people of Hongkong refused to take the affair seriously.

About three years before the events above narrated, one of the wildest characters in Hongkong was a youth named Sindall, who was a sub-lieutenant in Her Majesty's Navy. I made his acquaintance in the billiard-room of the Hongkong Hotel, where, when not engaged in quarrelling with the Manager, cursing the marker, or playing practical jokes on total strangers, he played a very fair game. Going home shortly afterwards, it became necessary for him to pass a certain examination in gunnery. Being twice unsuccessful in this, he was informed that Her Majesty had no further use for his services.

Now, for the officer without private means who has been deprived of the letters "R.N.," there are generally three courses open. He may become an Admiral in one of the Far Eastern or South-American Navies; he may become second mate of a cargo-boat; or he may become a beach-comber. Sindall was able, by a lucky chance, to follow the first of these courses and to join the Imperial Navy of Samoa as a full Admiral.

To him, about twelve months later, was entrusted the command of the strongest of the flying squadrons—the one that was to accomplish the arduous task of terrorizing Hongkong. His historic cruise through the Harbour took place a few days before Christmas. He then sat down to what was practically a formal blockade of Hongkong, which fact, however, did not prevent him from getting into flannels in the evening and coming in to play billiards at the Hongkong Hotel. Here I met him on Christmas Eve, when, after relating to me what I have already set down, he invited me out to spend Christmas Day with him.

At 10 o'clock the next morning, he took me on board a pinnace at Murray Pier, and bore me to the flag-ship. On the way, he asked me to look with a lenient eye on the other European officers. He explained to me that the ward-room mess consisted of himself, the Chief Engineer and the Gunner. The latter was an ex-P. and O. quarter-master, while the former, whose name was Robson, was a Bombay-born Irishman, ex-4th engineer of a collier, and given to the use of strong liquor and stronger language. When we got on board we were received by the Gunner, who was corpulent, rosy-faced, affable and unspurred. He reported that Robson had gone off in the other pinnace to visit a friend in one of the ships in the Harbour.

Sindall proudly showed me round his ship, after which we spent an exceedingly pleasant morning together. It was not the ordinary lying-off in a long chair, smoking and drinking and exchanging unprintable lies—Sindall was far too strenuous for that. He ordered plenty of revolvers and plenty of ammunition to be brought up on deck, and about half-a-dozen Samoan blue-jackets were told off to load them.

Then about five hundred empty bottles appeared from somewhere and were thrown overboard in batches of fifty. Sindall explained what we were to do: "We start firing together, and we go on firing until all the bottles are broken. For every bottle you smash, I'll give you ten cents, and for every bottle I smash you give me ten cents. One of these niggers will keep your score, and the other will keep mine. Fire away."

We did. To every boy and to every man whose youthful innocence has not altogether passed away, there is something very refreshing and dare-devilish about the firing of a revolver. And in all the world I don't think you'll find a man of any age whose blood does not tingle pleasantly when he smashes glass which is not his own property. I had often smashed bottles with a revolver, but never before had I had the opportunity of taking part in such wholesale butchery as this. It was the quintessence of the excitement. By 2 o'clock, not a bottle was left, no group of cartridges to handle—all that was done for us; there were no heated barrels because we had at least twenty revolvers each which we used in turn. The madness of battle was in each of us, and we killed and killed and killed without stopping. By 2 o'clock, not a bottle was left, and I was covered by ninety cents. Then we adjourned for beer and sandwiches, of which we partook ravenously. When we had finished, we found our revolvers replaced by rifled and a new row of bottles were even scattered at some distance from the ship. We fired at them, but it was not such good fun as the other, because it was not so easy to hit, and so, when we got tired, three Maxims were turned on these bottles, and all were ruthlessly mown down.

Just before tiffin, Robson came on board, bringing with him a friend. Robson was a red-haired man, with a big forehead and deep-set eyes. He suggested a drunken brawl. His guest was neither collar nor tie, and spoke very little, but he had a pleasant way of beaming at everybody.

"Admiral Sindall," said Robson, "allow me to introduce Captain Walters—friend of mine—he knew my brother in Brazil." After I had been introduced, Robson said: "Boy, vermouth," and we all went down to tiffin.

Ordinary conversation was impossible at this meal, because Robson did all the talking. It was an endless repetition of "Captain Walters, your very good health, Captain Walters—can't get over it—he knew my brother in Brazil."

He so captivated his poor guest that the latter became visibly embarrassed, and at last explained that he had no legal right to be addressed as "Captain," except on board his own ship (which, I discovered later on, was an overgrown steam-launch, carrying coal to Manila). He added that away from his own ship his proper designation was "Mr. John Walters, Master."

But Robson would not accept this, and only capitulated him all the more. After tiffin we went up on deck, where Robson embraced his guest still more by kissing him and asking him for a photograph. I settled myself to sleep in a long chair, and the last words I heard before dropping off were "Captain Walters—know my brother in Brazil."

At five o'clock, Sindall and I went ashore to look for parties, leaving Robson and the master waiting to discuss old times and old brandy. It was rather late when we came back, and I was not long in noticing that Robson and his guest were not quite so effusively friendly.

The former came up to me, and said, "Will you excuse me? I don't come down to dinner in the ward-room to-night?"

"Certainly," I replied; "not feeling ill, I hope."

"Oh, no," he said, "but this ruddy guest of mine has been showing himself a little too clever; so when you and Sindall are dining, me and the Gunner's going to take him forward and see which is the best man."

"The dinner bell's going shortly after this," Robson addressed his guest. "I'm sure you'd rather not go down to dinner; I'm sure you'd rather step up on deck with me."

"No," I would not, replied the guest; "I'm feeling very hungry; and in proof of this I feel the way down as well."

It was not a pleasant dinner-party, because Robson deliberately laid himself out to contradict and insult his guest at every possible turn. But the latter only got good-naturedly. After dinner, Robson came to me on deck, and asked me if I would do him the favour of leaving early. I told him I must leave early in any case, as I had to be up early the next day.

"That's all right, then," he said, "you're one of the luckiest men I know."

"Why?" I asked.

"Because the same pinnace that is going to take you back is going to drop that blighter over there at his ship."

"Wall?"

"And I'm going as the officer in charge of her."

"Is that why I'm lucky?"

"No; you're lucky, because you'll have a chance of seeing the finest rough-and-tumble fight you've ever seen in your life. You'll see fair play, and you'll win."

But it was all fated not to draw. A few minutes later, a steam-launch bore up alongside with a telegram for Admiral Sindall. It read: "Return immediately. British have acceded to all demands."

Sindall at once became the man of action, and I thought it best to clear out. The returning steam-launch carried back Sindall and myself most uneventfully to our respective homes.

Sindall is now doing his duty in that station of life to which Fate next called him; in other words, he is a fairly senior second mate in the Pink Pannel line. There is nothing remarkable in this because it is well known that the Samoan Government has many ways of getting rid of its officials besides pensioning them off.

Sindall, whom I see at regular intervals, has now been sent down a good deal, states that he was dismissed "because there are some things a blooming Englishman can't stoop to."

Robson, I have not since seen, and I devoutly hope that I shall never set eyes on his again.

THE INCOME TAX IN JAPAN.

Increased Wealth of the People.
We take the following translation from the Kobe Chronicle:

In giving a résumé of the revenue derived by Japan from the Income-tax, the Kobe Chronicle states that all the national taxes have shown a more remarkable increase than the Income-tax in the past ten years. The revenue from this source, which amounted to only about Yen 1,257,000 in 1893, the year before the Japan-Cooker war, has now increased sixfold, or to about Yen 7,428,000. Owing to the depression of trade, the actual revenue from the Saké-tax for the last fiscal year showed a deficit of some Yen 12,000,000 on the estimate; but last year's revenue from the Income-tax was very satisfactory, the amount being some Yen 1,300,000 above the estimate. It is explained that the principal cause of the large increase in the revenue from this source is the amendment made to the Income-tax Law in 1898, by which the rate has been increased. The increase of the revenue alone cannot, of course, be taken as a mark of the growth of the national wealth, but the following comparative table of the estimated income of the people of Japan in the past ten years will show a marked development in wealth:

Year	Income
1893	Yen 91,313,444
1894	99,479,716
1895	107,548,000
1896	127,239,728
1897	147,676,544
1898	168,438,424
1899	277,693,076
1900	366,124,072
1901	392,851,068

As will be seen from the above figures, the amount of income shows a fourfold increase in the nine years under review, but the actual increase of wealth is not so large as it appears, when the fact that the purchase value of the money has largely declined is taken into consideration. Another cause of the increase in the Income-tax return is the greater vigilance shown by the revenue authorities in the important matter of laying the tax on those who are liable to pay, though there are still, as we have endeavoured to show on more than one occasion, thousands who only escaped payment. It appears, however, an inevitable fact that the wealth of the people continues to increase despite the general complaints about the great depression of trade.

NOTES ON WESTERN LITERATURE IN CHINA.

No. I.

Not many foreign residents in Hongkong or China, save those who are interested in education, know how much the Christian Church has done to broaden the intellectual horizon of the Chinese by providing them not only with religious but also with scientific literature of all kinds in their own language. The Educational Association of China was formed several years ago to bring into touch with each other the many persons who in all parts of China are engaged in teaching work. The Committee of this Association has recently issued a 'Standard Course of Study in English and Chinese.' There are schedules of work for Primary Schools for a course of six years; Academies for which are probably meant schools for older boys from 14 to 19 years of age; and four years' course of study; while Colleges also have a four years' course. To these are added 'Primary' and 'College Courses' of 'Christian Studies.' But the object of these notes is not so much to lay stress on the courses as to notice some of the books used in them. The pamphlet closes with a list of 29 'suitable text-books for use in teaching the above course.' These include books not only upon Arithmetic, Geography, History, Algebra and Euclid (these of course), but also upon Trigonometry, Plane and Spherical Astronomy, Physics, Elementary Biology, Zoology, and Psychology. If you wish to read International Law, Dr. Martin, Jato of Pekin, has a book on it as well as another on Political Economy. There are books on Natural History and the Theory of Education, the Philosophy of History, on the Philosophy of Science, on the Philosophy of the Human Mind, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Legal Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Political Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Economic Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Social Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Moral Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Physical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Mathematical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Astronomical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Geological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Botanical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Zoological Sciences, on the Philosophy of the Medical Sciences, on the Philosophy of the

Shipping.

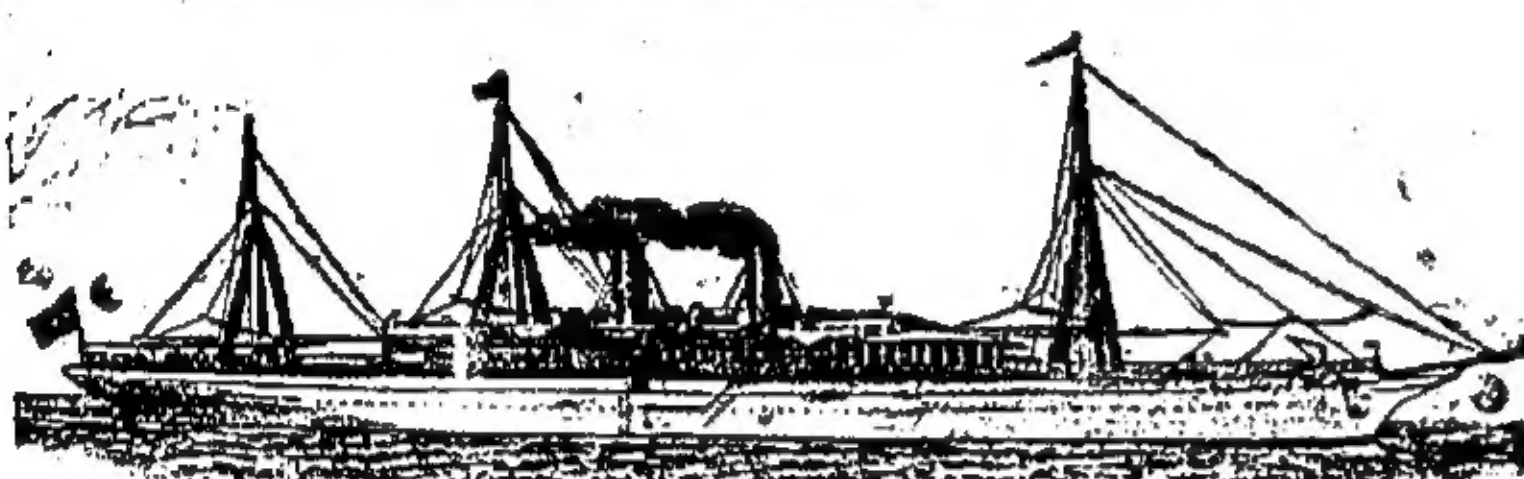
HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

OSTASIATISCHER FRACHTDAMPFER DIENST.

Taking Cargo at through rates to ANTWERP, AMSTERDAM, ROTTERDAM, COPENHAGEN, LONDON, Oporto, LONDON, LIVERPOOL, GLASGOW, TRIZZI, GENOA, PORTS in the LEVANT; BLACK SEA and BALTIC PORTS; NORTH and SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.FOR HAVRE AND HAMBURG.
CALLING AT SINGAPORE AND PENANG.S.S. *Badenia*,
Capt. RORDEN, 12th August, 1903. Freight.

FOR NEW YORK via SUEZ CANAL.

S.S. *Arabis*,
Capt. BARLE, 18th August. Freight.FOR HAVRE, ANTWERP AND HAMBURG.
CALLING AT SINGAPORE AND COLOMBO.S.S. *Sithonia*,
Capt. HILDEBRANDT, 29th August, 1903. Freight.FOR HAVRE, BREMEN AND HAMBURG.
CALLING AT SINGAPORE AND PENANG.S.S. *Königsberg*,
Capt. MAVER, 12th September, 1903. Freight & Passengers.FOR HAVRE AND HAMBURG.
CALLING AT SINGAPORE AND COLOMBO.S.S. *Andania*,
Capt. VON DOBERN, 23rd September, 1903. Freight.For further particulars, apply to
HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,
HONGKONG OFFICE,
Queen's Buildings, No. 1.
1569CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE.THE FAST ROUTE BETWEEN CHINA, JAPAN AND EUROPE,
VIA CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.Via SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA AND VICTORIA, B.C.
SAFETY—SPEED—PUNCTUALITY.Empress Twin Screw Steamships—6,000 Tons—10,000 Horse power—Speed 19 knots.
Saving 3 to 7 Days across the Pacific.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

(Subject to Alteration.)

R.M.S. ATHENIAN	3882 Tons	WEDNESDAY, Aug. 12
R.M.S. EMPRESS OF INDIA	6000 Tons	WEDNESDAY, Aug. 26
R.M.S. EMPRESS OF JAPAN	6000 Tons	WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25
R.M.S. TARTAR	4225 Tons	WEDNESDAY, Oct. 7
R.M.S. EMPRESS OF INDIA	6000 Tons	WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21
R.M.S. ATHENIAN	3882 Tons	WEDNESDAY, Nov. 4
R.M.S. EMPRESS OF JAPAN	6000 Tons	WEDNESDAY, Nov. 18
R.M.S. EMPRESS OF INDIA	6000 Tons	WEDNESDAY, Dec. 16
R.M.S. TARTAR	4225 Tons	WEDNESDAY, Dec. 30

The magnificent TWIN-SCREW STEAMSHIPS of this Line pass through the famous INLAND SEA OF JAPAN, and usually make the voyage YOKOHAMA TO VANCOUVER (B.C.), in 12 DAYS, saving THREE DAYS to a WEEK in the Trans-Pacific journey, and make connection at Vancouver with the PALATIAL OVERLAND TRAINS of the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY, which leave daily, and cross the Continent FROM THE PACIFIC TO THE ATLANTIC WITHOUT CHANGE in 97 Hours. Close connection is made at Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, New York and Boston with all Trans-Atlantic Lines, of which passengers to Great Britain and the Continent are given choice of.

Passengers booked through to all principal points and AROUND THE WORLD. Return tickets to various points at reduced rates, Good for 4, 6, 9 and 12 months. SPECIAL RATES (first class only) granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the Service of China and Japan Governments.

The attractive features of this Company's route embrace its PALATIAL STEAMSHIPS, (second to none in the World), the LUXURANCE OF ITS TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAINS (the Company having received the highest award for same at Chicago World's Exhibition), and the diversity of MAGNIFICENT MOUNTAIN AND LAKE SCENERY through which the Railway passes.

THE DINING CARS AND MOUNTAIN HOTELS of this route are owned and operated by the Company, and their appointments and Cuisine are unequalled.

For further information Maps, Guides, Books, Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to

D. E. BROWN, General Agent,
PEDDER STREET 1112
Hongkong, July 22, 1903.PORTLAND AND ASIATIC
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG, via INLAND SEA OF JAPAN,
MOJI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA; FORPORTLAND, OREGON,
OPERATING IN CONNECTION WITH THE OREGON RAILROAD & NAVIGATION CO.

STEAMSHIP	Tons	Captain	Hongkong
INDRAPURA	4899	A. E. Hollingsworth	August 14, 1903
INDRASAMBA	5197	W. E. Craven	September 13, 1903
INDRAVELLI	4899	R. P. Craven	October 14, 1903

Through Bills of Lading issued to Pacific Coast Points and all Eastern, Canadian and United States Points. For through rates of Freight and further information, communicate with or apply to

PORTLAND & ASIATIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Hongkong, July 20, 1903.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

Steamers	Destinations	Sailing Dates
SANUKI MARU, W. TOWNSEND	MARSEILLES, LONDON, and ANTWERP, Via SINGAPORE, PEN- ANG, COLOMBO and PORT SAID.	SATURDAY, 8th Aug., Daylight.
INABA MARU, W. BARNARD	KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.	FRIDAY, 14th Aug., Daylight.
KAGOSHIMA MARU, K. KOB	BOMBAY, Via SINGAPORE and COLOMBO.	TUESDAY, 11th Aug., at Noon.
IYO MARU, C. H. BUTLER	VICTORIA, B.C., and SEATTLE, U.S.A., Via SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.	TUESDAY, 11th Aug., at 4 p.m.
KUMANO MARU, E. W. HARVEY	NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA.	WEDNESDAY, Aug. 12, at Noon.
KASUGA MARU, W. S. HUNTER	SYDNEY and MELBOURNE, Via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE.	SATURDAY, 15th Aug., at 4 p.m.
IZUMI MARU, M. YAGI	MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.	TUESDAY, 18th Aug., at Noon.
HA-KATA MARU, F. L. SUMNER	MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP, Via SINGAPORE, PEN- ANG, COLOMBO and PORT SAID.	SATURDAY, 22nd Aug., at Daylight.

Through Passenger Tickets issued to the Principal Cities in the United States, Canada, and Europe, in connection with the Great Northern Railway and Atlantic Steamers. Round-the-World Tickets also issued. Between Moji and Kobe, 1st and 2nd Class Through Passengers have the option of travelling by the Sanyo Railway. For further information as to Freight, Passage, Sailings, etc., apply at the Company's Local Branch Office in Prince's Buildings, First Floor, Chater Road.

T. S. Takayanagi, Acting Manager.
Hongkong, August 6, 1903.

Shipping.

OCEAN STEAM SHIP COMPANY, LIMITED,

AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION
COMPANY, LIMITED.
JOINT SERVICES.FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS FOR LONDON AND CONTINENT.
MONTHLY SAILINGS FOR LIVERPOOL.

OUTWARDS.

FROM	STEAMERS	DATE
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	TEUCER	10th August
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	NINGCHOW	11th August
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	KINTUCK	11th August
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	PINGUEY	20th August
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	GLAUCUS	20th August
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	DEUCALION	4th September
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	AGAMENON	9th September
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	JASON	17th September
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	PAN LING	23rd September
GLASGOW AND LIVERPOOL	CALCAS	1st October

The S.S. KINTUCK left Singapore on 5th inst., p.m. and may be expected to arrive here on the 11th inst.

HOMEWARDS.

LONDON BERTH.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP	TYRUS	18th August
* LIVERPOOL with TRANSHIPMENT	TYRUS	18th August
AT SINGAPORE	TYRUS	18th August
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP	KINTUCK	18th September
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP	PINGUEY	22nd September
* LIVERPOOL	PINGUEY	22nd September
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP	GLAUCUS	29th September
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP	AGAMENON	13th October
* LIVERPOOL	JASON	20th October
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP	PAN LING	27th October

* Taking Cargo for Liverpool at London Rates.

TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA, and NINGCHOW	TEUCER	10th August
ALL PACIFIC COAST PORTS, via LIVERPOOL	KINTUCK	6th September
NKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA	CALCAS	2nd October

For Freight, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

Hongkong, August 7, 1903.

1831

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LD.

FOR SHANGHAI AND CHINKIANG.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI AND CHINKIANG	CHINKIANG	8th August
MANILA	TSINAN	10th August

PT. DARWIN, THURSDAY ISLAND, COOKTOWN, CAIRNS, TOWNSVILLE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE.

CHEROO and TIENSIN.

MANILA

CEBU and LOILO

N.B.—REDUCED SALOON FARES, Single and Return, To Manila and Australian Ports.

* The attention of Passengers is directed to the Superior Accommodation offered by these Steamers, which are fitted throughout with Electric Light. Unrivalled Table. A duly qualified Surgeon is carried.

* Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates for all New Zealand and other Australian Ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
AGENTS.

Hongkong, August 6, 1903.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID

NAPLES, GENOA, ANTWERP, BREMEN/HAMBURG;

PORTS IN THE LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND BALTIC PORTS; Also

LONDON, NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, GALVESTON

AND SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS.

STEAMERS WILL CALL AT GIBRALTAR AND SOUTHAMPTON TO LAND

PASSENGERS AND LOGGAGE.

N.B.—CARGO CAN BE TAKEN ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING FOR THE PRINCIPAL PLACES

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

SACHSEN

KIAUSCHOU

BAYERN

ZIETEN

SEYDLITZ

PREUSSEN

HAMBURG

PRINZ HEINRICH

* Steamers of the Hamburg-Amerika Linie.

ON THURSDAY, the 10th day of August, 1903, at Noon, the Steamship

SACHSEN, of the Norddeutscher Lloyd, Captain R. MEYER, with

MAILS, PASSENGERS, SPECIE, and CARGO, will leave this Port, as above,

Calling at Naples and Genoa.

Shipping Orders will be granted till Noon, on TUESDAY, the 18th August. Cargo

and Specie will be received on Board until 5 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, the 19th August, and

Parcels will be received at the Agency's Office until Noon on WEDNESDAY, the 19th Inst.

Contents of Packages are required. No Parcel Receipts will be signed for less than

\$2.50 and Parcels should not exceed Two Feet Cubic in Measurement.

The Steamer has splendid accommodation and carries a Doctor and Stewardesses.

Linen can be washed on board.

Norddeutscher Lloyd.

For further Particulars, apply to

Melchers & Co., Agents.

1947

NORTHERN PACIFIC S.S. CO.

BOSTON STEAMSHIP CO.

BOSTON TOW-BOAT CO.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

Via Shanghai, Inland Sea of Japan, Kobe and Yokohama.

FOR VICTORIA, B.C., AND TACOMA

IN CONNECTION WITH

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

Steamers	Tons	Captains	To Sail
PLEIADES	3713	F. G. Purington	August 15
OLYMPIA	2837	J. Truebridge	September 10

Steamers marked (*) have no passenger accommodation.

THE attention of passengers is directed to the very cheap rates offered by this Line

to the PACIFIC COAST and to the INTERIOR and EASTERN CITIES of the

UNITED STATES and to EUROPE.

Special rates allowed to members of Government Services.

Through Bills of Lading issued to PACIFIC COAST POINTS and to the Principal

Cities in the United States and Canada.

For further information as to Freight, or Passage, Apply to

Doddwell & Co., Limited, General Agents.

Hongkong, July 30, 1903.

1723

Shipping.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP
NAVIGATION COMPANY

WILL despatch VESSELS to the Undermentioned PORTS on the DATE

named:—

FOR LONDON, etc.

Shanghai

For further Particulars, apply to

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office,
Hongkong, August 6, 1903.

E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.

28

HONGKONG—MANILA.

Highest Class, newest, fastest and most luxurious Steamers

between Hongkong and Manila. Saloon and Cabin

Electric Light—Perfect Cuisine—Surgeon carried.—All

the most up-to-date arrangements for comfort of Passengers.

CHINA AND MANILA
STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

Steamship

Tons

Captains

For

Sailing Dates

ZAFIRO

RUBI

PERLA

For Freight or Passage, apply to

Shewan, Tomes & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, August 7, 1903.

2245

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR

TAMSAI, Via SWATOW

AND AMOY,

ANPING, Via SWATOW

AND AMOY,

TAMSAI, Via SWATOW

AND AMOY,

FOOCHOW, Via SWATOW

AND AMOY,

The Co.'s new Steamers are specially designed for the coast trade of South

China and Formosa, and are fitted with all modern improvements. Excellent accom-

modation is provided for first class passengers, and a duly qualified Doctor is carried.

All Steamers carry the Imperial Japanese Mail, subject to periodical inspection

by the Government Marine Surveyors, and are registered at the highest at Lloyd's.

Steamers will go alongside the Co.'s Pontoon at the Customs water-front premises

at Tamsui to land all Passengers and cargo.

For Freight, Passage, and further information apply at the Co.'s local Branch

Office, at No. 3, Des Voeux Road Central.

T. ARIMA,
MANAGER.

Hongkong, August 5, 1903.

287

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

(ORIENTAL S. S. Co.)

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN HONGKONG

AND MANILA IN 48 HOURS.

THE Company's well-known Steamship

ROSETTA MARU, 3889 Tons,

Captain H. S. SMITH, will be despatched

for MANILA on SATURDAY, the 8th

August, at 10 a.m.

To be followed by ROHILLA MARU

on the 12th August.

Magnificent Accommodation. Comfort-

able Cabins. Excellent Table. Unrivalled

Speed. Electric Light. Doctor and

Stewardess carried.

For Freight or Passage, apply at the

Company's Office, 3 Queen's Buildings, Ice

House Street.

K. NAKASHIMA,
Manager.

Hongkong, August 5, 1903.

2235

AUSTRIAN
LLOYD'S
STEAMNAVIGATION
COMPANY.

STEAM FOR

TRIESTE and TRIESTE Direct, Calling at

SINGAPORE, PENANG, CALCUTTA,

COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ and PORT

SAID.

(Taking Cargo, Specie, and Passengers, at

above on MONDAY, the 10th August. Specie

and Parcels received until 4 p.m. on the

same day. No Cargo will be received on

board on TUESDAY, the 11th August.

Passengers are to be on board;

they must be left at the Agency's Office.

Contents and value of Packages are re-

quired.

For further particulars, apply at the

Company's Office.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

Hongkong, July 28, 1903.

1549

Not Responsible for Debts.

NEITHER the Captain, the Agents, nor

Owners will be Responsible for any

Debt contracted by the Officers or Crew of

the following Vessels during their stay

at Hongkong Harbour.

A. L. German ship, Capt. M.

